	SIRP Plea	
SOUT	ED STATES DISTRICT COURT HERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	
	ED STATES OF AMERICA,	
	v.	S5 11 Cr. 1032 PAE
MIGU	EL STRONG,	
	Defendant.	
	x	
		August 13, 2014
		2:22 p.m.
Befo	re:	
	HON. PAUL A. ENGELM	MAYER,
		District Judge
	APPEARANCES	
PREET BHARARA,		
	United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York	
RACHEL MAIMIN, Assistant United States Attorney		
KARAHNI NKRUMAH, Attorney for defendant Strong		
Also Present: JAMES HONTORIA, Certified Spanish Interpreter		
	Attorney for defendant Strong Present: JAMES HONTORIA,	

THE COURT: As you can see, we have here a Spanish

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1	interpreter who is court certified to assist you today. Will
2	you please let me know if you have any difficulty understanding
3	what the interpreter is saying?
4	THE DEFENDANT: No problem.
5	THE COURT: Will you please let me know if you have
6	any problems understanding what the interpreter is saying?
7	THE DEFENDANT: That's right.
8	THE COURT: Ms. Hummel, would you please kindly place
9	the defendant under oath.
10	(The defendant was duly sworn)
11	THE COURT: Mr. Strong, do you understand that you're
12	now under oath and that if you answer any of my questions
13	falsely, your answers to my questions may be used against you
14	in another prosecution for perjury?
15	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
16	THE COURT: What is your full name?
17	THE DEFENDANT: Miguel Strong.
18	THE COURT: How old are you?
19	THE DEFENDANT: 24.
20	THE COURT: How far did you go in school?
21	THE DEFENDANT: Up to 9th grade.
22	THE COURT: Where was that?
23	THE DEFENDANT: In the Bronx.
24	THE COURT: What school?
25	THE DEFENDANT: Kennedy.

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Plea 1 THE COURT: Have you ever been treated or hospitalized for any mental illness? 2 3 THE DEFENDANT: No, but I have seen a psychologist. 4 THE COURT: That was my next question. 5 My next question to you was going to be are you now or 6 have you recently been under the care of a doctor or a 7 psychiatrist? You indicated you've seen a psychologist. Can 8 you tell me when that was? 9 THE DEFENDANT: At the jail where I am. I am under 10 the care of a psychologist. 11 THE COURT: Are you at the MDC? 12 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 13 THE COURT: How long have you been under the care of a psychologist at the MDC? 14 15 THE DEFENDANT: I have been seeing him for nine 16 months. 17 THE COURT: What is the reason you have been seeing 18 the psychologist, for what condition or for what purpose? 19 THE DEFENDANT: Because some medication I was taking 20 in the streets. 21 THE COURT: Because? 22 THE INTERPRETER: Medication I was receiving in the 23 streets.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Are you currently taking any medication?

Plea 1 THE COURT: Was that prescribed by the psychologist? THE DEFENDANT: 2 Yes. 3 THE COURT: Do you know what medication that is? 4 THE DEFENDANT: No. 5 THE COURT: Do you know what the medication is intended to treat? 6 7 THE DEFENDANT: I believe it is for depression. 8 THE COURT: When was the last time you took the 9 medication to address your depression? 10 THE DEFENDANT: Today around 4:00 in the morning. 11 THE COURT: Other than the medication that you've 12 taken for depression, have you taken any other drugs, medicine 13 or pills in the last 24 hours? 14 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, the one to go to sleep. 15 THE COURT: You took some sleeping pill last night, is that what you're saying? 16 17 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 18 THE COURT: Do you know what sleeping pill that is? 19 THE DEFENDANT: No. 20 THE COURT: The reason I'm asking you these questions 21 is to make sure that you have a clear head today. The sleeping 22 pill that you take, does that affect your ability to function 23

the following day?

THE DEFENDANT: No.

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THE COURT: What about the pills you take, the

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medicine you take for depression, does that affect your ability 1 to understand, to communicate or to make decisions? 2 3 THE DEFENDANT: No. 4 THE COURT: Is your mind clear today? 5 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 6 THE COURT: Do you understand what's happening in this 7 proceeding? 8 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 9 THE COURT: Do you have any confusion at all about 10 what is happening here today? 11 THE DEFENDANT: No. 12 THE COURT: Do you feel fully energetic and alert? 13 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 14 THE COURT: Thank you. 15 Mr. Nkrumah, do you have any doubt as to your client's 16 competence to plead at this time? 17 MR. NKRUMAH: No, I do not, your Honor. 18 THE COURT: May I ask you to just briefly put on the 19 record some statement as to the extent of contact you've had 20 with your client so that I can form a firm basis as to your 21 ability to determine whether or not your client is fully with 22 it today. 23 MR. NKRUMAH: Your Honor, I have been Mr. Strong's 24 counsel from the onset of this case which began in 2011. I

have met with Mr. Strong on numerous occasions. My last

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contact with Mr. Strong was on Monday, with which we discussed the plea, the plea allocution. We discussed the plea and the process of the plea, where the court was going to ask him questions and so forth. He was alert then and I believe he is alert now.

THE COURT: Based on your extended contact with your client, I take it you have no doubt about your client's competence to plead at this time?

MR. NKRUMAH: No doubt at all.

THE COURT: Ms. Maimin, do you have any doubt as to the defendant's competence to plead?

MS. MAIMIN: No.

THE COURT: I have questioned the defendant at unusual length today just to make sure that the defendant is competent to plead guilty. His responses to me were direct and clear.

Based on the responses to my questions, based on his demeanor as he appears before me, based on the substance of his answers and as corroborated by counsels' independent assessments, I find the defendant is competent to enter a plea of quilty at this time.

Mr. Strong, have you had a sufficient opportunity to discuss your case with your attorney?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Have you had a sufficient opportunity to discuss the charge to which you intend to plead guilty, any

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possible defenses to that charge and the consequences of entering a plea of guilty?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Are you satisfied with your attorney's representation of you, including your attorney's representation in connection with reaching this plea agreement?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I am satisfied.

THE COURT: I am now going to explain certain constitutional rights that you have. You'll be giving up these rights if you enter a plea of guilty.

Under the Constitution and laws of the United States, you're entitled to a speedy and a public trial by a jury on the charge contained in the indictment. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: At that trial you would be presumed to be innocent, and the government would be required to prove you quilty by competent evidence and beyond a reasonable doubt before you could be found guilty. You would not have to prove that you were innocent, and a jury of twelve people would have to agree unanimously that you were guilty.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: At that trial and at every stage of your case, you would be entitled to be represented by an attorney. If you could not afford one, one would be appointed to

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represent you free of charge. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: During the trial the witnesses for the government would have to come to court and testify in your presence, and your lawyer could cross-examine the witnesses for the government, object to evidence offered by the government, and if you desired, issue subpoenas, offer evidence and compel witnesses to testify in your behalf.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: At a trial, although you would have the right to testify if you chose to do so, you would also have the right not to testify, and no inference or suggestion of guilt could be drawn from the fact that you did not testify, if that was what you chose to do.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: At trial the government would have to prove each and every part or element of the charge beyond a reasonable doubt for you to be convicted of that charge. you understand that?

> THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Do you understand if you were convicted at a trial, you would have the right to appeal that verdict?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

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THE COURT: Even at this time, right now, even as you're in the process of entering this plea, you have the right to change your mind, plead not quilty and go to trial. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: If you plead guilty and I accept your plea, you'll give up your right to a trial and the other rights that I have just described. There will be no trial and I will enter a judgment of guilty and sentence you on the basis of your quilty plea after considering the submissions related to sentencing that I receive from you, your lawyer and the government, as well as a presentence report prepared by the Probation Department.

Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: If you plead quilty, you'll also have to give up your right not to incriminate yourself because I will ask you questions about what you did in order to satisfy myself that you are guilty as charged. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Mr. Strong, have you received a copy of the superseding indictment containing the charge against you?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Have you read it?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

1	THE COURT: Has it been translated to you?
2	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
3	THE COURT: Have you had a chance to discuss the
4	indictment with your attorney?
5	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
6	THE COURT: Do you understand that you're charged in
7	Count 2 with knowingly participating in a conspiracy to commit
8	racketeering activity, in violation of Title 18, United States
9	Code, Section 1962 (d)?
10	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
11	THE COURT: Do you understand that the maximum
12	possible penalty for Count 2 under the circumstances here is
13	life in prison?
14	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
15	THE COURT: The maximum fine for Count 2 is the
16	greatest of \$250,000, twice the gross pecuniary gain derived
17	from the offense or twice the gross pecuniary loss to a person
18	other than you as a result of the offense.
19	Do you understand that?
20	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
21	THE COURT: For pleading guilty to Count 2, you may
22	receive a term of up to five years supervised release. Do you
23	understand that?
24	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
٥٦	THE COURT ROLL AND A STATE OF THE STATE OF T

THE COURT: "Supervised release" means that you'll be

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subject to monitoring when you are released from prison. are terms of supervised release with which you must comply. Ιf you don't comply with them, you can be returned to prison without a jury trial for all or part of the term of supervised release imposed by the court.

Under those circumstances, you would not be given any credit towards that term for the time you served in prison as a result of your sentence for this crime, nor would you necessarily be given any credit towards that term for any time you spent on post-release supervision. Do you understand that?

> THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: For pleading quilty to this crime, you will also be required to pay a mandatory \$100.00 special assessment. Do you understand that?

> THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: For pleading to this crime, you may be required to pay restitution to any person injured as a result of your criminal conduct. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: For pleading quilty to this crime, you may be ordered to forfeit any and all property constituting and derived from proceeds obtained by your criminal conduct. Do you understand that?

> THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Do you also understand that if I accept

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your quilty plea and adjudge you quilty, that may deprive you of valuable civil rights, such as the right to vote, the right to hold public office, the right to serve on a jury, and the right to possess any kind of firearm?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Are you a United States Citizen?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Under current law there are sentencing quidelines as well as other factors that are set forth in the sentencing statutes that judges must consider in determining a sentence. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Have you spoken with your attorney about the sentencing guidelines and those other factors?

> THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Do you understand that the court will not be able to determine the sentencing guidelines range that will form a part of my determination of what a reasonable sentence is in your case until after a presentence report has been prepared and until after you and your attorney and the attorney for the government have all had a chance to challenge any of the facts reported in the presentence report by the probation officer?

> THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Do you understand even though the

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government has provided you with its current calculation of your sentence under the quidelines in the plea agreement, that range which is between 210 and 262 months imprisonment is not binding on the Probation Department and is not binding upon the court?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Do you understand even after the court has determined what the guideline range applies to your case, the court has the discretion under the current law to impose a sentence that is higher or lower than the one suggested by the sentencing quidelines?

> THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Do you understand if your attorney or anyone else has attempted to predict what your sentence will be, their prediction could be wrong?

No one, not your attorney, not the government's attorney, no one can give you any assurance what your sentence will be because I am going to decide your sentence and I am not going to do that now and I cannot do that now. Instead I am going to wait until I receive a presentence report prepared by the Probation Department, I am going to do my own independent calculation of the sentencing guidelines range, I am going to consider it and any possible departures from that range, but most of all, I am going to thoughtfully and carefully consider all of the submissions the parties have put before me for

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sentencing and I am going to determine what a reasonable sentence is for you based on all of the sentencing factors contained in the sentencing statute known as Section 3553 (a).

Do you understand all of that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Have you discussed these issues and the overall sentencing process with your attorney?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Even if your sentence is different from what your attorney or anyone else has told you it might be, even if it is different from what you expect, even if it is different from the guideline range contained in the plea agreement you have entered into with the government, you will still be bound by your guilty plea and you will not be allowed to withdraw your plea of quilty. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Has anyone threatened you or anyone else or forced you in any way to plead quilty?

> No. THE DEFENDANT:

THE COURT: Has there been a plea agreement entered into between you and your counsel and counsel for the government?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Counsel have handed up a typed plea agreement bearing the date of August 5th, 2014.

Ms. Maimin, I see here the apparent signatures of 1 Jessica Ortiz and of Laurie Korenbaum, the latter being the 2 3 Chief of the Violent Organized Crimes Unit. Are those those 4 person's signatures? 5 MS. MAIMIN: Yes. 6 THE COURT: Mr. Nkrumah, I see your signature, dated 7 Is that your signature? today. MR. NKRUMAH: That's correct. 8 9 THE COURT: Mr. Strong, I see your signature, dated 10 today. Is that your signature? 11 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 12 THE COURT: Did you read this agreement before you 13 signed it? 14 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 15 THE COURT: Did you discuss it with your attorney before you signed it? 16 17 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 18 THE COURT: Did you believe that you understood this 19 agreement at the time you saw it? 20 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 21 THE COURT: Did you willingly sign this agreement? 22 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 23 THE COURT: Did anyone force you to sign this 24 agreement?

No.

THE DEFENDANT:

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THE COURT: Do you have any agreement with the government about your plea or your sentence that has been left out of this written agreement?

THE DEFENDANT:

THE COURT: Ms. Maimin, would you kindly please summarize the material terms, a few terms of the plea agreement.

MS. MAIMIN: Yes. In connection with this plea agreement, pursuant to which the defendant will plead guilty to Count 2 of the indictment and admit his participation in the murder of David Avila Gomez, the parties have agreed upon a stipulated guidelines range of 210 to 262 months imprisonment.

The defendant has also waived his right to appeal or otherwise attack or seek a sentence modification in connection with any sentence your Honor imposes that is within or below that stipulated guidelines range.

THE COURT: Mr. Nkrumah, are you in agreement with the government's summary of the key terms of the plea agreement?

MR. NKRUMAH: Yes, I am.

THE COURT: Mr. Strong, did you hear and understand Ms. Maimin's summary of the key terms of the plea agreement?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, what they say about the plea? What did they said about the plea?

THE COURT: Yes, did you hear and understand what Ms. Maimin said in summarizing the important terms of the plea

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agreement?

She spoke very fast and I didn't hear THE DEFENDANT: everything.

THE COURT: To be clear, it is the plea agreement more than Ms. Maimin's summary of it that matters here. Do you understand the terms of the plea agreement?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: I am going to take a moment and just review a few of those terms with you.

As Ms. Maimin stated, the parties have stipulated or agreed that the sentencing quidelines called for a term of imprisonment of between 210 and 262 months. Do you understand that that stipulation, that stipulation binds the government and it binds you, but it doesn't bind me because I have to make my own independent calculation of your sentence under the sentencing quidelines?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Do you also understand that under this agreement, you're giving up your right to ask within the sentencing quidelines framework that I depart below the guidelines range that is calculated in this agreement, although you're not giving up your right to ask that I sentence you to a sentence below the quideline range based on the broader set of factors set forth in the sentencing statute, Section 3553 (a)?

Do you understand that?

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THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Do you understand under this agreement, you're giving up your right to appeal or otherwise challenge your sentence so long as I do not sentence you to more than 262 months imprisonment?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Has anyone made any promise or done anything other than what is contained in the plea agreement to induce you to plead guilty?

THE DEFENDANT: No.

THE COURT: Has anyone made a promise to you as to what your sentence will be?

> THE DEFENDANT: No.

THE COURT: Mr. Strong, at this point I would like to ask you to tell me in your own words what you did that makes you believe you're quilty of Count 2 of the superseding indictment.

MR. NKRUMAH: Before we do that, I would like to point out a typo in the plea agreement.

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. NKRUMAH: Page 4, Paragraph 4, the fourth line down, I am going to start after Section 3582 (c). It says, "of any sentence within or below the stipulated guideline range of 201." That should be 210.

THE COURT: Ms. Maimin, do you agree with that?

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MS. MAIMIN: Yes.

THE COURT: I will treat the word "201" at the end of the fourth line of the last paragraph on Page 4 of the plea agreement as stating 210 instead of 201, and I am going to cross out 201 and replace it with 210.

Thank you, Mr. Nkrumah.

MR. NKRUMAH: You're welcome.

THE COURT: With that change, I go back to the question I ask you, Mr. Strong. Please tell me in your own words what you did that makes you believe you're quilty of Count 2 of the superseding indictment.

THE DEFENDANT: First, your Honor, I would like to apologize to my family and to yourself. That night I was a driver.

THE COURT: You were?

THE DEFENDANT: The driver. As I said, I was the driver. We went to a town by the name of Yonkers together with other persons, several other persons. We were going to commit a robbery. One of them left the car, went back. So one person left the car, after a while returned back to the car. Two or three days later I was arrested, and then I learned that during that robbery --

(Off-the-record discussion)

THE DEFENDANT: I am confirming everything I said before.

THE COURT: Confirming what? 1 THE DEFENDANT: Confirming what I said a second ago, 2 3 three days later this robbery, I was arrested and then I learned that one person had been killed during the robbery. 4 5 (Off-the-record discussion) THE DEFENDANT: Your Honor, the deputy tried -- there 6 7 is confusion with three days and when I was arrested. THE COURT: Say that again? 8 9 THE DEFENDANT: The deputy drive by some confusion 10 when he was arrested in relationship with the three days I 11 mentioned previously. THE COURT: I need you to translate for me his words. 12 13 (Off-the-record discussion) 14 THE DEFENDANT: Some time went by, one or two years. 15 I was arrested, and then, and then I was told that during that robbery a person had been killed. So up to that 16 17 moment I didn't know about the deceased, but I knew that we were going to commit a robbery. That's all I have to say. 18 19 THE COURT: Mr. Nkrumah, I am going to ask you to 20 spend a few minutes speaking with your client. The charge in 21 this case is conspiracy to commit racketeering activity. I 22 have not at this point heard word one about an enterprise or 23 anything like that. So I need you to speak with your client to

make sure there is an adequate allocution that hits all of the

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elements of the offense.

1 MR. NKRUMAH: Yes, your Honor. Just one moment. (Off-the-record discussion) 2 3 MR. NKRUMAH: Your Honor, may I approach with the 4 AUSA? To talk to the court about Mr. Strong and the 5 allocution? THE COURT: I think it needs to be on the record. 6 7 MR. NKRUMAH: Your Honor, we have written out an allocution that we have discussed. The only problem with 8 9 Mr. Strong after reading that allocution is he cannot read. So 10 he is trying to remember what it is that we have discussed. I have the written allocution in front of him. 11 12 can just read the paragraph that pertains to the enterprise 13 part so he can hear me and repeat, he has had an opportunity to 14 read the allocution and he agrees with it. 15 THE COURT: In substance, what you are proposing is Why don't we do this. Let's take this nice and slow. 16 17 You read to him small portions of it. If he is in agreement 18 with the factual accuracy of what has been said, he is at 19 liberty then to read it aloud in court and we'll go 20 step-by-step. 21 MR. NKRUMAH: Thank your Honor. 22 (Off-the-record discussion) 23 MR. NKRUMAH: Your Honor, did you want to hear me read 24 it?

THE COURT:

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(Off-the-record discussion) 1

> September 4th, 2009 --THE DEFENDANT:

THE COURT: Let me confirm from the interpreter, you are translating the words of the defendant?

THE INTERPRETER: Yes.

THE COURT: Go ahead.

THE DEFENDANT: September 4th, 2009, I was a member of a group called the Bad Boys, which was a subset of the Trinitarios from the Bronx.

In my association with the Bad Boys, I served in various roles in support of the group. Besides this, I agreed with other members, I agreed with other members of the Trinitarios to commit assaults.

THE INTERPRETER: That is all.

THE COURT: Mr. Nkrumah, for there to be guilt of a RICO conspiracy, the defendant himself either has to agree to commit two predicate acts or to participate in the conduct of the enterprise with the knowledge and intent that other members of the conspiracy would do so. Right now I believe he has agreed with other members of the Trinitarios to commit assault, but I don't think we have gotten two.

Ms. Maimin, am I right?

MR. NKRUMAH: He also agreed to --

THE COURT: I don't think that has been tied to the Trinitarios yet.

1 MS. MAIMIN: That's right, your Honor. THE COURT: Go ahead. 2 3 (Off-the-record discussion) 4 THE DEFENDANT: I agreed to commit two assaults with members of the Trinitarios in furtherance of the activities of 5 6 the group. 7 In connection with your -- was the robbery THE COURT: that you referred to earlier committed, that led to the murder 8 9 of Mr. Avila Gomez, was that committed in conjunction with 10 other members of the Trinitarios gang? 11 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 12 THE COURT: That was in Yonkers? 13 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 14 THE COURT: In September of 2009? 15 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. THE COURT: Can the government proffer to me the 16 17 existence of an enterprise engaged in or whose activities affected interstate commerce. 18 19 MS. MAIMIN: We can. The Trinitarios gang and Bad 20 Boys sect that the defendant referred to trafficked in 21 narcotics that were not manufactured or grown in New York 2.2 State. 23 THE COURT: Mr. Nkrumah, does the defense agree or 24 stipulate that the Trinitarios gang was an enterprise whose

activities affected interstate commerce?

1 MR. NKRUMAH: Yes, we do, your Honor. THE COURT: Mr. Strong, do you agree with that as 2 3 well? 4 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 5 THE COURT: When you did these acts, the acts you described a few moments ago, did you know that what you were 6 7 doing was wrong? 8 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 9 THE COURT: Did you know that you were committing a 10 crime? 11 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 12 THE COURT: Does government counsel agree there is a 13 sufficient factual predicate for a guilty plea? 14 MS. MAIMIN: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: Does defense counsel? 15 16 MR. NKRUMAH: Yes, we do, your Honor. 17 THE COURT: Does defense counsel know of any valid 18 defense that would prevail at trial or any reason why your client should not be permitted to plead guilty? 19 20 MR. NKRUMAH: No, we do not, your Honor. 21 THE COURT: Mr. Strong, are you pleading guilty 22 voluntarily and of your own free will and because you are, in 23 fact, quilty? 24 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 25 THE COURT: Can government counsel represent that had 1 the ca

the case gone to trial, it had sufficient evidence of each element to establish a conviction?

MS. MAIMIN: Yes.

THE COURT: Mr. Strong, I want to ask you one final question before wrapping up. You mentioned a moment ago or counsel mentioned you are unable to read. I understood that when we talked about the plea agreement, it had been translated to you and that was how you understood what it says. I want to make absolutely sure about that. Was the plea agreement translated to you? Was it read to you in a language you can understand?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Because you acknowledge that you are, in fact, guilty as charged in the indictment, because I am satisfied that you know of your rights, including your right to go to trial, because I am satisfied you are aware of the consequences of your plea, including the sentence that may be imposed, and since I find you are voluntarily pleading guilty, I accept your guilty plea and enter a judgment of guilty on the count to which you have pled guilty.

The next step in your case, Mr. Strong, will be the beginning of the sentencing process. The Probation Department is going to want to interview you in connection with the presentence report that it will prepare. If you choose to speak with the Probation Department, please make sure anything

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you say is truthful and accurate. I read those reports carefully. They're often very important for me along with lawyers' sentencing submissions in deciding what sentence to impose.

You and your counsel have a right to examine the report and to comment on it at the time of sentencing. I urge you to read it and discuss it with your attorney before sentencing. If there are any mistakes in it, please point them out to your lawyer so he can bring them to my attention before sentence. Will you agree to do that?

> THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: Mr. Nkrumah, is this a case in which your client is seeking an expedited sentence?

MR. NKRUMAH: No, it is not.

THE CLERK: Counsel, Friday, November 21st, at 11:30?

MS. MAIMIN: That works for the government.

MR. NKRUMAH: That is fine.

THE COURT: I'll set sentencing down for that date and Mr. Nkrumah, you must arrange for your client to be time. interviewed by the Probation Department within the next two weeks. I want to make sure I haven't overridden a vacation.

MR. NKRUMAH: I will make the arrangements.

THE COURT: Government, you are directed to provide your case summary to the Probation Department within the next two weeks as well.

1 MS. MAIMIN: Yes. I know you are not on vacation? 2 THE COURT: 3 MS. MAIMIN: I have no firm plan for vacation. THE COURT: Defense submissions are due two weeks 4 5 before trial. Government submissions are due one week before 6 Ms. Hummel has provided counsel with copies of the trial. 7 Court's procedures with respect to the filing of sentencing submissions with the Clerk of the Court. 8 9 Ms. Maimin, I take it the defendant is detained? 10 MS. MAIMIN: Yes. 11 THE COURT: Anything further from either counsel? 12 MS. MAIMIN: No. 13 MR. NKRUMAH: Nothing. 14 THE COURT: Thank you. Before we stand adjourned, Mr. 15 Nkrumah, am I correct there are two members of the defendant's family who are here today? 16 17 MR. NKRUMAH: There is, your Honor, you are correct. It is Mr. Strong's mother and his older sister in the audience. 18 THE COURT: Very good. I want to acknowledge your 19 20 presence here today. I thank you for being here and being by 21 Mr. Strong's side on this hard day for him, and I am sure for 22 you. I encourage you to speak to Mr. Nkrumah about ways in 23 which you can productively participate in the sentencing 24 process.

(Court adjourned)

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